Spill Cleanup Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)

Proper cleanup of a spill could require steps from one or a combination of two or more of the scenarios described below.

Spill contained above ground (Pavement i.e. Streets, Sidewalks, Driveways)

- 1. Protect public from the area.
- 2. Collect solid and liquid materials for proper disposal.
- 3. Wash down the impacted area with water and return all the wash water to the sanitary sewer system.

Spill onto dirt/non-pavement

- 1. Protect public from the area.
- 2. Collect solid and liquid materials for proper disposal.
- 3. Remove impacted, non-vegetated dirt/soil to a depth no greater than six inches.
- 4. Replace excavated, non-vegetated dirt/soil with clean fill material, similar in nature to the removed dirt/soil.

Spill Entering/Entered Drainage Conveyance System

- 1. Protect public from the area.
- 2. Install mechanism (sandbags, plugs, etc.) to prevent spill from further entering storm drains or surface waters.
- 3. Collect solid and liquid materials for proper disposal.
- 4. Determine how far downstream the spill has reached.
- 5. Once determined go to the next downstream manhole and plug pipes at the determined downstream location.
- 6. Collect all material contained within the impacted drainage conveyance system (DCS).
- 7. Wash down the impacted area.
- 8. Conduct cleanup of impacted storm drain in compliance with the storm water NPDES permit. NPDES permit allows only rainwater to be discharged into the DCS.
- 9. Once spill has ceased and cleanup is complete, remove all mechanisms used to contain the flow.
- 10. For water used during cleanup that cannot be returned to the sanitary sewer system, direct runoff to de-chlorination tablets or mats containing tablets (Vita-D-Chlor or similar) to neutralize chlorine in the runoff prior to entering the DCS or surface water.
 - a. Use a minimum of two de-chlorination tablets per mat and have at least two mats readily available for spill response. One mat shall be placed in the flow path, and a second mat shall be put in the flow path when tablets in the first mat are approximately one-half of their original size.

Spill Entering/Entered Waterway

- 1. Protect public from the area.
- 2. Make every effort to stop the spill from entering the waterway.
- 3. Place warning signs around the impacted area.
- 4. Collect sewage, if possible, and return to sanitary sewer system.
- 5. Follow Water Quality Monitoring for Sampling for Category 1 spills greater than 50,000 gallons.

Private Property Damage Claims

- 1. If there is property damage (ruined carpet/padding, hardwood floors, etc.) caused by a mainline blockage, the Responder shall do the following:
 - a) Verify that the damage is associated with the current incident.
 - b) Take pictures of the damaged property.
 - c) Notify CalWater of the situation.

Note: Responder should not pre-judge the cause of a spill or admit liability prior to an investigation of the incident. Actions until this point should be abatement, alleviation, and reduction of the emergency.

Last updated: 05/16/2023